| Introduction |
|--|
| What is your name? |
| Name: Narelle Cooper |
| What is your email address? |
| Email: |
| Are you responding to this survey as: |
| Childcare educator or teacher |
| What is your organisation? |
| Organisation: |
| Do you consent to the ACCC publishing your submission? |
| Yes |
| Open written submissions |
| Confidentiality and personal information |
| Choose File: No file uploaded |
| Choose File: No file uploaded |
| If you wish to provide responses to all or any of the draft findings and recommendations outlined in the September interim report, please move to the next section 'Guided submissions' to provide responses against the relevant findings and or recommendations. |
| Draft Findings - Costs |
| 1. Labour is the main driver of cost for supplying childcare, accounting for 69% at centre based day care and 77% at outside school hours care Labour costs have increased significantly for large centre based day care providers over the last 5 years. |
| Unsure / No View |
| Please provide further comment if relevant: |
| 2. Land and related costs are the other significant driver of cost for centre based daycare providers. |
| Unsure / No View |
| Please provide further comment if relevant: |
| 3. Not-for-profit providers appear to face lower land costs than for profit providers, but these savings are invested into labour. |
| Agree |
| Please provide further comment if relevant: |

Family Day Care providers can operate out of their own homes or in smaller rented local offices. This means that the costs passed onto FDC Educators is

4. Location influences costs of supplying childcare services, although the influence differs depending on the cost category. Overall, costs to supply services to different areas of remoteness and socio-economic advantage do not differ greatly, except for the areas of most remoteness

lower for membership fees & Educator levies.

and most socio-economic advantage.

Agree

Please provide further comment if relevant:

Absolutely agree as a FDC Educator or centre based care provider in a higher upmarket suburb can charge up to 50% higher in their daily fees. A FDC Educator will also look at other Educators within the local area & also day care centres to see what they are charging before setting their own fees.

Draft Findings - Competition

5. Parents' and guardians' demand for centre based day care is driven by a complex combination of factors. Parents look to prevailing market prices, however informal measures of quality are key considerations.

Agree

Please provide further comment if relevant:

Everybody wants their child to be in an awesome FDC or centre, one that offers the highest level of care etc. Though sometimes unfortunately, these places are quite expensive & very limited vacancies, therefore families will have no option but to use a centre that offers less than the others.

6. Providers' supply decisions are influenced by expectations of viability, which is heavily influenced by relative socio-economic advantage and geographic location.

Unsure / No View

Please provide further comment if relevant:

7. Staffing constraints are a barrier to more suppliers entering or expanding their operations in childcare markets.

Do Not Agree

Please provide further comment if relevant:

The reason that there are staffing "constraints" (in centres only) is because local councils are allowing centres to open wherever they bloody like with no restraint on if there are already centres open within 1km or so. In my suburb there are already 2 centres & with a recent "notice" sent to ratepayers to approve or disapprove another one opening.

8. The nature of competition reflects the unique demand and supply factors in childcare markets; price plays a less influential role once households have chosen how much childcare to use and providers compete on quality to attract and retainchildren and families.

Do Not Agree

Please provide further comment if relevant:

Suburbs are over populated with centres though families are willing to drive further for the right Family Day Care Educator.

Draft Findings - Profitability, viability and quality

9. On average, large centre based day care and outside school hours care providersappear to be profitable and financially viable.

Unsure / No View

Please provide further comment if relevant:

10. Occupancy is a key driver of revenue and therefore profits and viability.

Agree

Please provide further comment if relevant:

Whether a centre or a FDC is chosen by the family, we all need to be "full" to make a profit.

11. On average, margins are higher:

Agree

Please provide further comment if relevant:

12. The ability to attract and retain staff is a key determinant of quality, which affects the profitability and viability of a service.

Unsure / No View

Please provide further comment if relevant:

Draft Findings - Price regulation mechanisms

13. The design of the Child Care Subsidy and existing price regulation mechanism has had a limited effect in placing downward pressure on prices and limiting the burden on taxpayers.

Agree

Please provide further comment if relevant:

Unfortunately when the CCS was raised for families... "most" centres & FDC Educators put their prices up meaning the savings were not passed onto the families. This is due to the rising costs of everything else right now including mortgage rates for FDC Educators being in their own homes.

14. Childcare providers are optimising session lengths to match current activity test entitlements to minimise out-of-pocket expenses for parents and guardians and maintain their revenues and profits.

Do Not Agree

Please provide further comment if relevant:

As above

15. The Child Care Subsidy is complex for parents and guardians to understand and it is difficult to estimate out-of-pocket expenses.

Do Not Agree

Please provide further comment if relevant:

I think it is the easiest to understand compared to the other CCB% etc in the past.

16. More information is important for parents and guardians, yet the comparator website StartingBlocks.gov.au is not widely used by parents and guardians and can contain outdated information.

Unsure / No View

Please provide further comment if relevant:

Draft Findings - International childcare costs and price regulation mechanisms

17. Overseas data indicates childcare in Australia is relatively less affordable for households than in most other OECD countries.

Agree

Please provide further comment if relevant:

18. Many OECD countries are moving toward greater regulation of childcare fees such as low fees or free hours for parents and guardians, supported with supply-side subsidies to cover providers' costs of provision.

Unsure / No View

Please provide further comment if relevant:

I suppose if the government wants to cover the costs of the families fees & I'm still "earning" the same, then thats ok with me.

Draft Recommendations - Existing regulatory arrangements

Draft recommendation 1 - The ACCC recommends that the Australian Government reconsider and restate the key objectives and priorities of its childcare policies and supporting measures, including the relevant price regulation mechanism.

Support

Please provide further comment if relevant:

Draft recommendation 2 - The ACCC recommends further consideration and consultation on changes to the Child Care Subsidy and existing hourly rate cap mechanism, to simplify their operation and address unintended consequences, including on incentives and outcomes.

Support

Please provide further comment if relevant:

All forms of child care should be at the same hourly rate cap.

Draft recommendation 2 (a) - Consideration be given to determining an appropriate base for the rate cap and indexing the cap to more closelyreflect the input costs relevant to delivery of childcare services. This could includeconsideration of labour costs as well as the additional costs associated with providing childcare services in remote areas and to children with disability and/or complexneeds

Support

Please provide further comment if relevant:

Draft recommendation 2 (b) - Consideration be given to changing the hourly rate cap to align with the relevant pricing practice for the servicetype. This could include consideration of a daily fee cap for centre based day care. Consideration will need to be given to setting and monitoring minimum requirements to avoid creating incentives for childcare providers to reduce flexibility or quality.

Support

Please provide further comment if relevant:

Draft recommendation 2 (c) - Consideration be given to removing, relaxing or substantially reconfiguring the current activity test, as it may beacting as a barrier to more vulnerable children (for example, households with lowincomes or disadvantaged areas) accessing care and creating a barrier to workforceentry or return for some groups. An alternative would be to consider a specificentitlement, such as a certain number of days of care.

Support

Please provide further comment if relevant:

Draft recommendation 2 (d) - Consideration be given to including a stronger price and outcomes monitoring role by government, supported by a credible threat of intervention, to place downward pressure on fees.

Do Not Support

Please provide further comment if relevant:

You cannot lower fees that child care costs as all costs to look after kids have doubled & sometimes tripled. If the government wants to help lower the cost of childcare, then they firstly need to lower the costs of living

Draft recommendation 3 - The ACCC supports reconsideration of the information gathered for and reported on StartingBlocks.gov.au so that it is better focused on meeting parents and guardians' information needs, and balanced against the costs of collecting and publishing information. This could include:

Support

Please provide further comment if relevant:

Draft recommendation 4 - The ACCC recommends that the governments further consider how the existing regulatory frameworks support and influence the attraction and retention of educators and workforce in the early childhood education and care sector.

Support

Please provide further comment if relevant:

Draft Recommendations - Broader policy considerations for more significant change

Draft recommendation 5 - The Australian Government should consider maintaining and expanding supply-sidesupport options for Aboriginal Community Controlled Organisations that provide childcare and additional support services for First Nations children, parents and guardians.

Unsure / No View

Please provide further comment if relevant:

Draft recommendation 6 - A market stewardship role should be considered for both Australian and state and territory governments, in identifying under-served areas and vulnerable cohorts, along with intervention whether through public or private provision. A competitive tender process is one tool that could be used by governments to facilitate delivery in these areas.

Unsure / No View

Please provide further comment if relevant:

Draft recommendation 7 - The ACCC supports further consideration of supply-side subsidies and direct price controls. Some changes to the policy settings are likely to reduce the impact of the hourly rate cap as an indirect price control, and may warrant a shift to direct price controls supported by operating grants for regulated childcare providers.

Unsure / No View

Please provide further comment if relevant: