Introduction

What is your name?

Name:

What is your email address?

Email:

Are you responding to this survey as:

Parent or guardian

What is your organisation?

Organisation:

Do you consent to the ACCC publishing your submission?

Yes, but do not publish my name

Open written submissions

Confidentiality and personal information

Choose File: No file uploaded

Choose File: No file uploaded

If you wish to provide responses to all or any of the draft findings and recommendations outlined in the September interim report, please move to the next section 'Guided submissions' to provide responses against the relevant findings and or recommendations.

Draft Findings - Costs

1. Labour is the main driver of cost for supplying childcare, accounting for 69% at centre based day care and 77% at outside school hours care. Labour costs have increased significantly for large centre based day care providers over the last 5 years.

Do Not Agree

Please provide further comment if relevant:

They have not been providing wage rises for on the ground staff so I wonder where it is going.

2. Land and related costs are the other significant driver of cost for centre based daycare providers.

Agree

Please provide further comment if relevant:

Cost of food has increased.

3. Not-for-profit providers appear to face lower land costs than for profit providers, but these savings are invested into labour.

Unsure / No View

Please provide further comment if relevant:

4. Location influences costs of supplying childcare services, although the influence differs depending on the cost category. Overall, costs to supply services to different areas of remoteness and socio-economic advantage do not differ greatly, except for the areas of most remoteness

and most socio-economic advantage.

Agree

Please provide further comment if relevant:

Draft Findings - Competition

5. Parents' and guardians' demand for centre based day care is driven by a complex combination of factors. Parents look to prevailing market prices, however informal measures of quality are key considerations.

Agree

Please provide further comment if relevant:

6. Providers' supply decisions are influenced by expectations of viability, which is heavily influenced by relative socio-economic advantage and geographic location.

Do Not Agree

Please provide further comment if relevant:

7. Staffing constraints are a barrier to more suppliers entering or expanding theiroperations in childcare markets.

Do Not Agree

Please provide further comment if relevant:

They are building so many daycare centres but then can't afford to run them at low occupancy with the costs so just pass these on. They should not be allowed to build or open anymore in an area where other centres are not full as it's just driving prices up.

8. The nature of competition reflects the unique demand and supply factors in childcare markets; price plays a less influential role once households have chosen how much childcare to use and providers compete on quality to attract and retainchildren and families.

Do Not Agree

Please provide further comment if relevant:

Providers do not seem to compete on price to attract families. They do not publish their fees you have to book to visit to find these out. It's very sneaky. Once one puts up price it gives chance for all others to do exactly the same and moving a child from a centre to another is a big event which many parents won't do. Its not like changing supermarket to get the best price so you feel trapped.

Draft Findings - Profitability, viability and quality

9. On average, large centre based day care and outside school hours care providersappear to be profitable and financially viable.

Agree

Please provide further comment if relevant:

They are making more and more profit.

10. Occupancy is a key driver of revenue and therefore profits and viability.

Do Not Agree

Please provide further comment if relevant:

If they can't fill the centre they just put up the price for those who are there.

11. On average, margins are higher:

Do Not Agree

Please provide further comment if relevant:

12. The ability to attract and retain staff is a key determinant of quality, which affects the profitability and viability of a service.

Agree

Please provide further comment if relevant:

Draft Findings - Price regulation mechanisms

13. The design of the Child Care Subsidy and existing price regulation mechanism has had a limited effect in placing downward pressure on prices and limiting the burden on taxpayers.

Agree

Please provide further comment if relevant:

The centres just put up the prices knowing those who get CCS won't be paying the full increase as the subsidy covers a proportion of it. They have no regard for those not eligible for CCS as stated in an email I received from a centre owner who reported she had not even considered the impact on those who get no subsidy when increasing prices.

14. Childcare providers are optimising session lengths to match current activity test entitlements to minimise out-of-pocket expenses for parents and guardians and maintain their revenues and profits.

Unsure / No View

Please provide further comment if relevant:

15. The Child Care Subsidy is complex for parents and guardians to understand and it is difficult to estimate out-of-pocket expenses.

Unsure / No View

Please provide further comment if relevant:

16. More information is important for parents and guardians, yet the comparator website StartingBlocks.gov.au is not widely used by parents and guardians and can contain outdated information.

Agree

Please provide further comment if relevant:

I have never heard of this website

Draft Findings - International childcare costs and price regulation mechanisms

17. Overseas data indicates childcare in Australia is relatively less affordable for households than in most other OECD countries.

Agree

Please provide further comment if relevant:

It is a huge cost in our family who received no CCS

18. Many OECD countries are moving toward greater regulation of childcare fees such as low fees or free hours for parents and guardians, supported with supply-side subsidies to cover providers' costs of provision.

Agree

Please provide further comment if relevant:

In the UK we would be able to access 15hrs free or 30hrs free. We get nothing here.

Draft Recommendations - Existing regulatory arrangements

Draft recommendation 1 - The ACCC recommends that the Australian Government reconsider and restate the key objectives and priorities of its childcare policies and supporting measures, including the relevant price regulation mechanism.

Support

Please provide further comment if relevant:

Draft recommendation 2 - The ACCC recommends further consideration and consultation on changes to the Child Care Subsidy and existing hourly rate cap mechanism, to simplify their operation and address unintended consequences, including on incentives and outcomes.

Support

Please provide further comment if relevant:

Draft recommendation 2 (a) - Consideration be given to determining an appropriate base for the rate cap and indexing the cap to more closelyreflect the input costs relevant to delivery of childcare services. This could includeconsideration of labour costs as well as the additional costs associated with providingchildcare services in remote areas and to children with disability and/or complexneeds

Support

Please provide further comment if relevant:

Draft recommendation 2 (b) - Consideration be given to changing the hourly rate cap to align with the relevant pricing practice for the servicetype. This could include consideration of a daily fee cap for centre based day care. Consideration will need to be given to setting and monitoring minimum requirements avoid creating incentives for childcare providers to reduce flexibility or quality.

Support

Please provide further comment if relevant:

Draft recommendation 2 (c) - Consideration be given to removing, relaxing or substantially reconfiguring the current activity test, as it may beacting as a barrier to more vulnerable children (for example, households with lowincomes or disadvantaged areas) accessing care and creating a barrier to workforceentry or return for some groups. An alternative would be to consider a specificentitlement, such as a certain number of days of care.

Do Not Support

Please provide further comment if relevant:

Draft recommendation 2 (d) - Consideration be given to including a stronger price and outcomes monitoring role by government, supported by a credible threat of intervention, to place downward pressure on fees.

Support

Please provide further comment if relevant:

Draft recommendation 3 - The ACCC supports reconsideration of the information gathered for and reported on StartingBlocks.gov.au so that it is better focused on meeting parents and guardians' information needs, and balanced against the costs of collecting and publishing information. This could include:

Support

Please provide further comment if relevant:

Draft recommendation 4 - The ACCC recommends that the governments further consider how the existing regulatory frameworks support and influence the attraction and retention of educators and workforce in the early childhood education and care sector.

Support

Please provide further comment if relevant:

Draft Recommendations - Broader policy considerations for more significant change

Draft recommendation 5 - The Australian Government should consider maintaining and expanding supply-sidesupport options for Aboriginal Community Controlled Organisations that provide childcareand additional support services for First Nations children, parents and guardians.

Support

Please provide further comment if relevant:

Draft recommendation 6 - A market stewardship role should be considered for both Australian and state and territory governments, in identifying under-served areas and vulnerable cohorts, along with intervention whether through public or private provision. A competitive tender process is one tool that could be used by governments to facilitate delivery in these areas.

Do Not Support

Please provide further comment if relevant:

Draft recommendation 7 - The ACCC supports further consideration of supply-side subsidies and direct price controls. Some changes to the policy settings are likely to reduce the impact of the hourly rate cap as an indirect price control, and may warrant a shift to direct price controls supported by operating grants for regulated childcare providers.

Support

Please provide further comment if relevant: